Flange thickness, head to vessel main flanges, using Movesa suggested design of Feb 3, 2012:

inner radius max. allowable pressure $R_{i~pv} = 0.68\,\mathrm{m} \qquad \qquad P = 15.4\,\mathrm{bar} \qquad \text{(gauge pressure)}$ D. Shuman Feb 9, 2012

The flange design for O-ring sealing (or other self energizing gasket such as helicoflex) is "flat-faced", with "metal to metal contact outside the bolt circle". This design avoids the high flange bending stresses found in a raised face flange (of Appendix 2) and will result in less flange thickness. The rules for this design are found only in sec VIII division 1 under Appendix Y, and must be used with the allowable stresses of division 1. Flanges and shells will be fabricated from 316Ti (ASME spec SA-240) stainless steel plate. Plate samples will be helium leak checked before fabrication, as well as ultrasound inspected for flat laminar flaws which may create leak paths. The flange bolts and nuts for a metal C-ring gasket seal will be inconel 718, (UNS N77180) as this is the highest strength non-corrosive material allowed for bolting. For O-ring sealing we can use carbon steel bolts ASTM SA-574M. We design the flanges for both cases, using the parallel calculation mode of MathCAD in which the possible values for a parameter are expressed as a matrix. The O-ring/carbon steel bolt cas is the upper number and the Helicoflex/Inconel 718 is the lower number. Calculations are then performed in parallel for each row index. Where necessary (multiple vectors in an expression) an arrow over the expression enforces this parallel calculation mode.

Maximum allowable material stresses, for sec VIII, division 1 rules from ASME 2010 Pressure Vessel code, sec. II part D, table 2A (division 1 only):

Maximum allowable design stress for flange

$$S_f := S_{max 316Ti div1}$$
 $S_f = 137.9 \text{ MPa}$ $S_f = 2 \times 10^4 \text{ psi}$

Maximum allowable design stress for bolts, from ASME 2010 Pressure Vessel code, sec. II part D, table 3

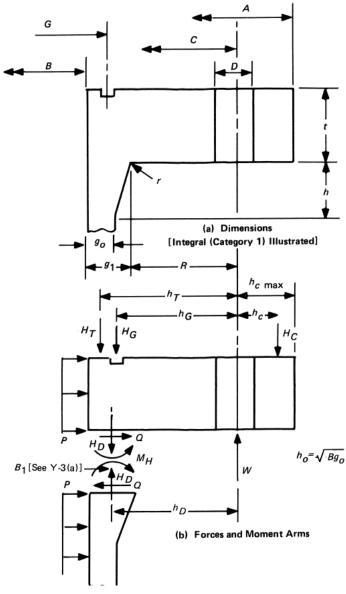
Inconel 718 (UNS N07718)
$$S_{max_N07718} := 37000 psi \quad S_{max_SA_574} := 33800 psior \ bolts => 5/8 \ in$$

$$S_b := \begin{pmatrix} S_{max_SA_574} \\ S_{max_N07718} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$S_b = \begin{pmatrix} 233 \\ 255.1 \end{pmatrix} MPa$$

From sec. VIII div 1, non-mandatory appendix Y for bolted joints having metal-to-metal contact outside of

FIG. Y-3.2 FLANGE DIMENSIONS AND FORCES



hub thickness at flange (no hub)

corner radius:

$$g_0 := t_{pv}$$
 $g_1 := t_{pv}$ $g_0 = 10 \,\mathrm{mm}$ $g_1 = 10 \,\mathrm{mm}$

$$g_1 = 10 \, \text{mm}$$

$$r_1 := \max(.25g_1, 5mm) r_1 = 5mm$$

note: corner radius is not included in g₁

as shown in top drawing of Fig. Y-3.2, above

Flange OD

$$A := \begin{pmatrix} 1.48 \\ 1.48 \end{pmatrix} m$$

Steel bolts (A-574 SHCS, O-ring seals

Inconel 718 bolts, helicoflex low force C-ring

Flange ID

$$B := 2R_{i_pv}$$
 $B = 1.36 \,\mathrm{m}$

define:

$$B_1 := B + g_1 \qquad B_1 = 1.37 \,\mathrm{m}$$

Bolt circle (B.C.) dia, C:

$C := 1.43 \cdot m$

Appendix Y refers to Appendix 2-5 (c) regarding how to treat self-energizing gaskets such as O-rings. Paragraph 2-5 (c)(3) states that for self-energizing gaskets, gasket compression load H_P is to be considered as = 0 (except for certain special types, that are not applicable here) and that the bolt load W_{m1} be computed using the outer gasket diameter. For Helicoflex, average diameter is used:

Gasket width

b := 5 mm

Gasket diameter:

$$G := \begin{pmatrix} 1.373 \\ 1.3755 \end{pmatrix} m$$
 O-ring mean radius as measured in CAD model: $68.65 \cdot 2 = 137.3$

Force of Pressure on head

$$H := .785G^2 \cdot P$$

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 2.279 \times 10^{6} \\ 2.287 \times 10^{6} \end{pmatrix} N \qquad H = \begin{pmatrix} 2.324 \times 10^{5} \\ 2.332 \times 10^{5} \end{pmatrix} kgf$$

Sealing force, per unit length of circumference:

for 4.78mm C-ring, M surface hardness:

$$Y_2 := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 65 \end{pmatrix} \frac{N}{mm}$$

 $Y_2 := \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 65 \end{pmatrix} \frac{N}{mm}$ recommended value for large diameter seals, regardless of pressure or leak rate

Gasket Load:

$$H_G := \overline{(\pi G \cdot Y_2)}$$

$$H_G := \overrightarrow{\left(\pi G \cdot Y_2\right)}$$
 $H_G = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2.809 \times 10^5 \end{pmatrix} N$

Start by making trial assumption for number of bolts, nominal bolt dia., nut width (corner), wrench clearance (box), thread pitch, and bolt hole dia D,

num of bolts

bolt dia

nut width (c-c)

wrench clearances, from Mach. HDBK, 3/4")

n := 122

maximum number of bolts possible, using narrow washers (OD=2x bolt dia):

$$n_{\text{max}} := \text{trunc}\left(\frac{\pi C}{d_e}\right)$$
 $n_{\text{max}} = 128$ $n_{\text{max}} > n = 1$

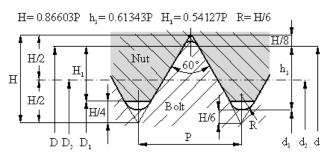
Check strength restriction: d_b =>5/8in

$$d_b \ge 0.625in = 1$$

Choosing ISO coarse thread for CS, thread depth is:

$$p_t := {2.5 \choose 2.0} mm$$
 $h_3 := .6134 \cdot p_t$ $h_3 = {1.533 \choose 1.227} mm$

using nomenclature and formulas from this chart at http://www.tribology-abc.com/calculators/metric-iso.htm



| metric screw threads ISO 724 (DIN 13 T1) | | | | | | | | | |
|--|-------|--------|----------|---------|---------|---------------|-------|---------|---|
| Nominal | Pitch | root | pitch | minor d | iameter | thread height | | drill | |
| diameter | _ | radius | diameter | | | | | diamete | r |
| d = D | Р | r | d2=D2 | d3 | D1 | h3 | H1 | mm | |
| M 1.00 | 0.25 | 0.036 | 0.838 | 0.693 | 0.729 | 0.153 | 0.135 | 0.75 | |
| M 1.10 | 0.25 | 0.036 | 0.938 | 0.793 | 0.829 | 0.153 | 0.135 | 0.85 | |
| M 1.20 | 0.25 | 0.036 | 1.038 | 0.893 | 0.929 | 0.153 | 0.135 | 0.95 | |
| M 1.40 | 0.30 | 0.043 | 1.205 | 1.032 | 1.075 | 0.184 | 0.162 | 1.10 | |
| M 1.60 | 0.35 | 0.051 | 1.373 | 1.171 | 1.221 | 0.215 | 0.189 | 1.25 | |
| M 1.80 | 0.35 | 0.051 | 1.573 | 1.371 | 1.421 | 0.215 | 0.189 | 1.45 | |
| M 2.00 | 0.40 | 0.058 | 1.740 | 1.509 | 1.567 | 0.245 | 0.217 | 1.60 | |
| M 2.20 | 0.45 | 0.065 | 1.908 | 1.648 | 1.713 | 0.276 | 0.244 | 1.75 | |
| M 2.50 | 0.45 | 0.065 | 2.208 | 1.948 | 2.013 | 0.276 | 0.244 | 2.05 | |
| M 3.00 | 0.50 | 0.072 | 2.675 | 2.387 | 2.459 | 0.307 | 0.271 | 2.50 | |
| M 3.50 | 0.60 | 0.087 | 3.110 | 2.764 | 2.850 | 0.368 | 0.325 | 2.90 | |
| M 4.00 | 0.70 | 0.101 | 3.545 | 3.141 | 3.242 | 0.429 | 0.379 | 3.30 | |
| M 4.50 | 0.75 | 0.108 | 4.013 | 3.580 | 3.688 | 0.460 | 0.406 | 3.80 | |
| M 5.00 | 0.80 | 0.115 | 4.480 | 4.019 | 4.134 | 0.491 | 0.433 | 4.20 | hO fam 1 O mana mitala |
| M 6.00 | 1.00 | 0.144 | 5.350 | 4.773 | 4.917 | 0.613 | 0.541 | 5.00 | <use 1.0="" for="" h3="" mm="" pitch<="" td=""></use> |
| M 7.00 | 1.00 | 0.144 | 6.350 | 5.773 | 5.917 | 0.613 | 0.541 | 6.00 | |
| M 8.00 | 1.25 | 0.180 | 7.188 | 6.466 | 6.647 | 0.767 | 0.677 | 6.80 | |
| M 9.00 | 1.25 | 0.180 | 8.188 | 7.466 | 7.647 | 0.767 | 0.677 | 7.80 | |
| M 10.00 | 1.50 | 0.217 | 9.026 | 8.160 | 8.376 | 0.920 | 0.812 | 8.50 | < use H1 for 1.5mm pitch |
| M 11.00 | 1.50 | 0.217 | 10.026 | 9.160 | 9.376 | 0.920 | 0.812 | 9.50 | C doc 111 for 1:0mm piton |
| M 12.00 | 1.75 | 0.253 | 10.863 | 9.853 | 10.106 | 1.074 | 0.947 | 10.20 | |
| M 14.00 | 2.00 | 0.289 | 12.701 | 11.546 | 11.835 | 1.227 | 1.083 | 12.00 | |
| M 16.00 | 2.00 | 0.289 | 14.701 | 13.546 | 13.835 | 1.227 | 1.083 | 14.00 | |
| M 18.00 | 2.50 | 0.361 | 16.376 | 14.933 | 15.394 | 1.534 | 1.353 | 15.50 | |
| M 20.00 | 2.50 | 0.361 | 18.376 | 16.933 | 17.294 | 1.534 | 1.353 | 17.50 | |

Bolt root dia. is then:

$$d_3 := d_b - 2h_3$$
 $d_3 = \begin{pmatrix} 14.933 \\ 15.5464 \end{pmatrix} mm$

Total bolt cross sectional area:

$$A_b := n \cdot \frac{\pi}{4} d_3^2$$

$$A_b = \begin{pmatrix} 213.67 \\ 221.584 \end{pmatrix} \text{cm}^2$$

$$A_{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 213.67 \\ 231.584 \end{pmatrix} \text{cm}^{2} \qquad A_{sb} := \frac{\pi}{4} \cdot \text{d}_{3}^{2} \qquad A_{sb} = \begin{pmatrix} 175.139 \\ 189.823 \end{pmatrix} \text{mm}^{2}$$

Check bolt to bolt clearance, washer to radius (r1) clearance. Assume box wrench can protrude into r1 a bit washer OD:

$$d_w := 35mm$$

$$\pi C - n \cdot d_w \ge 0 = 1$$
 actual bolt to bolt distance: $\frac{\pi C}{n} = 36.824 \,\text{mm}$

Check nut, washer, socket clearance:

$$0.5C - (0.5B + g_1 + r_1) \ge 0.5d_w = 1$$

Check minimum bolt circle

this is for standard narrow washers, and for wrench sockets which more than cover the nut width across corners

$0.5B + g_1 + r_1 + 0.5 \cdot d_W \le 0.5C = 1$

Flange hole diameter, minimum for clearance:

$$D_{tmin} := d_b + 1.50mm \qquad D_{tmin} = 19.5 mm$$

We will thread some of these clearance holes for lift fixture bolts of size to allow the head retraction fixture to be bolted up the the flange. M22-2.0 has a root dia of 19.53 and a nut minimum dia of 19.83mm, which fit well. The effective diameter of these holes will be the average of nominal and minimum diameters.

$$D_{lfb} := 0.5(D_{tmin} + 22mm)$$
 $D_{lfb} = 20.75 mm$

However we will only thread every other one, to maintain as much section between the bolts. Effective threaded clearance hole diameter, for calculating maximum radial flange stress is then:

$$D_e := 0.5(D_{lfb} + D_{tmin})$$
 $D_e = 20.125 \text{ mm}$

Set:

$$D_t := D_e$$

$$D_t \ge D_{tmin} = 1$$

Compute Forces on flange:

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 2.279 \times 10^{6} \\ 2.287 \times 10^{6} \end{pmatrix} N$$

$$H = \begin{pmatrix} 2.324 \times 10^{5} \\ 2.332 \times 10^{5} \end{pmatrix} kgf$$

$$H_{p} := 0N$$

$$H_{p} = 0 kgf$$

$$H_{G} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2.809 \times 10^{5} \end{pmatrix} N$$
 $H_{G} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2.864 \times 10^{4} \end{pmatrix} kgf$

$$h_G := 0.5(C - G)$$
 $h_G = \begin{pmatrix} 2.85 \\ 2.725 \end{pmatrix} cm$ from Table 2-6 Appendix 2, Integral flanges

$$H_D := .785 \cdot B^2 \cdot P$$
 $H_D = 2.236 \times 10^6 \text{ N}$ $H_D = 2.28 \times 10^5 \text{ kgf}$

 $R := 0.5(C - B) - g_1$ R = 2.5 cmradial distance, B.C. to hub-flange intersection, int fl..

 $h_D := R + 0.5g_1$ $h_D = 3 \text{ cm}$ from Table 2-6 Appendix 2, Int. fl.

$$\begin{split} H_T &:= H - H_D \\ h_T &:= \left(\frac{4.295 \times 10^4}{5.126 \times 10^4}\right) N \\ h_T &:= 0.5 \cdot \left(R_. + g_1 + h_G\right) \ h_T = \left(\frac{31.75}{31.125}\right) mm \\ \end{split} \qquad \qquad \begin{aligned} H_T &= \left(\frac{4.38 \times 10^3}{5.227 \times 10^3}\right) kgf \\ from Table 2-6 Appendix from Tab$$

from Table 2-6 Appendix 2, int. fl.

$$M_{P} := \overline{\left(H_{D} \cdot h_{D} + H_{T} \cdot h_{T} + H_{G} \cdot h_{G}\right)}$$
 $M_{P} = \begin{bmatrix} 6.844 \times 10^{4} \\ 7.633 \times 10^{4} \end{bmatrix} J$
 $M_{P} = \begin{bmatrix} 6.979 \times 10^{3} \\ 7.783 \times 10^{3} \end{bmatrix} \text{kgf m}$

$$M_{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 6.844 \times 10^{4} \\ 7.633 \times 10^{4} \end{pmatrix} J$$

$$M_{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 6.979 \times 10^{3} \\ 7.783 \times 10^{3} \end{pmatrix} \text{kgf} \cdot \text{m}$$

Appendix Y Calculation

$$P = 15.4 \, bar$$

$$\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{D}} := \overrightarrow{\left(\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{D}} \cdot \mathbf{h}_{\mathbf{D}}\right)} \qquad \mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{D}} = 6.708 \times 10^{4} \,\mathrm{J}$$

$$\mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{T}} := \overrightarrow{\left(\mathbf{H}_{\mathbf{T}} \cdot \mathbf{h}_{\mathbf{T}}\right)} \qquad \mathbf{M}_{\mathbf{T}} = \begin{pmatrix} 139.058 \\ 162.685 \end{pmatrix} \mathrm{kgf} \cdot \mathbf{m}$$

Choose values for plate thickness and bolt hole dia:

$$t := 4.0cm$$

$$D := D_t$$
 $D = 2.013 cm$

Going back to main analysis, compute the following quantities:

$$\begin{split} \beta &\coloneqq \frac{C + B_1}{2B_1} & \beta = 1.022 & h_C \coloneqq 0.5 \big(A - C \big) & h_C = \begin{pmatrix} 2.5 \\ 2.5 \end{pmatrix} cm \\ a &\coloneqq \frac{A + C}{2B_1} & a = \begin{pmatrix} 1.062 \\ 1.062 \end{pmatrix} & AR \coloneqq \frac{n \cdot D}{\pi \cdot C} & AR = 0.547 & h_0 \coloneqq \sqrt{B \cdot g_0} & h_0 = 11.662 \, cm \\ r_B &\coloneqq \frac{1}{n} \bigg(\frac{4}{\sqrt{1 - AR^2}} \, atan \bigg(\sqrt{\frac{1 + AR}{1 - AR}} \bigg) - \pi - 2AR \bigg) & r_B = 7.358 \times 10^{-3} \end{split}$$

We need factors F and V, most easily found in figs 2-7.2 and 7.3 (Appendix 2)

$$\frac{g_1}{g_0} = 1 \qquad \text{these values converge to} \qquad F := 0.90892 \text{ V} := 0.550103$$

Y-5 Classification and Categorization

We have identical (class 1 assembly) integral (category 1) flanges, so from table Y-6.1, our applicable equations are (5a), (7) - (13), (14a), (15a), (16a)

$$J_{S} := \overline{\left[\frac{1}{B_{1}} \left(\frac{2 \cdot h_{D}}{\beta} + \frac{h_{C}}{a}\right) + \pi r_{B}\right]} \quad J_{S} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.083 \\ 0.083 \end{pmatrix} \quad J_{P} := \overline{\left[\frac{1}{B_{1}} \left(\frac{h_{D}}{\beta} + \frac{h_{C}}{a}\right) + \pi r_{B}\right]} \quad J_{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.062 \\ 0.062 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(5a) \quad F' := \frac{g_{0}^{2} \left(h_{0} + F \cdot t\right)}{V} \qquad F' = 2.781 \times 10^{-5} \, \text{m}^{3} \qquad M_{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 6.844 \times 10^{4} \\ 7.633 \times 10^{4} \end{pmatrix} \, \text{N·m} \quad M_{P} = \begin{pmatrix} 6.979 \times 10^{3} \\ 7.783 \times 10^{3} \end{pmatrix} \, \text{kgf·m}$$

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1.48 \\ 1.48 \end{pmatrix} \, \text{m} \quad B = 1.36 \, \text{m}$$

$$K := \frac{A}{B} \qquad K = \begin{pmatrix} 1.088 \\ 1.088 \end{pmatrix} \quad Z := \frac{K^{2} + 1}{K^{2} - 1} \quad Z = \begin{pmatrix} 11.854 \\ 11.854 \end{pmatrix}$$

hub stress correction factor for integral flanges, use f =1 for g1/g0=1 (fig 2-7.6) f := 1

 $t_s := 0$ mm no spacer between flanges

 $1 = 8.9 \, \text{cm}$ strain length of bolt (for class 1 assembly) $1 := 2t + t_s + 0.5d_b$

Y-6.1, Class 1 Assembly Analysis

http://www.hightempmetals.com/techdata/hitemplnconel718data.php

Elastic constants:

$$E := E_{SS_aus} \quad E = 194.86 \text{ GPa } E_{Inconel_718} := 208 \text{ GPa } E_{bolt} := \begin{pmatrix} E_{CS} \\ E_{Inconel_718} \end{pmatrix}$$

Flange Moment due to Flange-hub interaction

$$M_{S} := \frac{\overrightarrow{-J_{P} \cdot F' \cdot M_{P}}}{t^{3} + J_{S} \cdot F'} \qquad M_{S} = \begin{pmatrix} -1.8 \times 10^{3} \\ -2 \times 10^{3} \end{pmatrix} N \cdot m$$

Slope of Flange at I.D.

$$\theta_{B} := \overline{\left[\frac{5.46}{E \cdot \pi t^{3}} \left(J_{S} \cdot M_{S} + J_{P} \cdot M_{P}\right)\right]} \quad \theta_{B} = \left(\frac{5.682 \times 10^{-4}}{6.337 \times 10^{-4}}\right)$$

Contact Force between flanges, at h_C:
$$E \cdot \theta_B = \begin{pmatrix} 110.725 \\ 123.483 \end{pmatrix} MPa$$

$$H_{C} := \frac{\overrightarrow{M_{P} + M_{S}}}{\overset{h}{C}}$$
 $H_{C} = \begin{pmatrix} 2.667 \times 10^{6} \\ 2.974 \times 10^{6} \end{pmatrix} N$

Bolt Load at operating condition:

$$W_{m1} := \overline{(H + H_G + H_C)}$$
 $W_{m1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4.946 \times 10^6 \\ 5.542 \times 10^6 \end{pmatrix} N$

Operating Bolt Stress

$$\sigma_b := \frac{\overrightarrow{W_{m1}}}{\overrightarrow{A_b}} \qquad \sigma_b = \begin{pmatrix} 231.5 \\ 239.3 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \qquad S_b = \begin{pmatrix} 233 \\ 255.1 \end{pmatrix} \text{MPa} \qquad (11)$$

$$r_E := \frac{E}{E_{bolt}} \qquad r_E = \begin{pmatrix} 0.969 \\ 0.937 \end{pmatrix} \qquad \text{elasticity factor}$$

(7) $M_S = \begin{pmatrix} -180.66 \\ -201.475 \end{pmatrix} \text{kgf} \cdot \text{m}$

opening half gap =

 $H_C = \begin{pmatrix} 2.719 \times 10^5 \\ 3.033 \times 10^5 \end{pmatrix} \text{kgf}$

 $W_{m1} = \begin{pmatrix} 5.043 \times 10^5 \\ 5.652 \times 10^5 \end{pmatrix} kgf$

(8) $\theta_{\text{B}} \cdot 3\text{cm} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.017 \\ 0.019 \end{pmatrix} \text{mm}$

(9)

(10)

Design Prestress in bolts

$$S_{i} := \boxed{\sigma_{b} - \frac{1.159 \cdot h_{C}^{2} \cdot (M_{P} + M_{S})}{a \cdot t^{3} \cdot l \cdot r_{E} \cdot B_{1}}} \qquad S_{i} = \begin{pmatrix} 225.5 \\ 232.4 \end{pmatrix} MPa$$
 (12)

Radial Flange stress at bolt circle

$$S_{R_BC} := \frac{\overrightarrow{6(M_P + M_S)}}{t^2(\pi \cdot C - n \cdot D)}$$

$$S_{R_BC} = \begin{pmatrix} 122.7 \\ 136.9 \end{pmatrix} MPa \qquad (13)$$

Radial Flange stress at inside diameter

$$S_{R_ID} := \boxed{-\left(\frac{2F \cdot t}{h_0 + F \cdot t} + 6\right) \cdot \frac{M_S}{\pi B_1 \cdot t^2}} \qquad S_{R_ID} = \begin{pmatrix} 1.666\\ 1.858 \end{pmatrix} MPa$$
 (14a)

Tangential Flange stress at inside diamete

$$S_{T} := \left[\begin{array}{c} \hline t \cdot E \cdot \theta_{B} \\ \hline B_{1} \end{array} + \left(\frac{2F \cdot t \cdot Z}{h_{0} + F \cdot t} - 1.8 \right) \cdot \frac{M_{S}}{\pi B_{1} \cdot t^{2}} \right] \qquad S_{T} = \begin{pmatrix} 2.25 \\ 2.51 \end{pmatrix} MPa$$
 (15a)

Longitudinal hub stress

$$S_{H} := \frac{\overbrace{\frac{h_{0} \cdot E \cdot \theta_{B} \cdot f}{g_{0}}^{2}}}{0.91 \left(\frac{g_{1}}{g_{0}}\right)^{2} B_{1} \cdot V}$$

$$S_{H} = \begin{pmatrix} 18.828 \\ 20.998 \end{pmatrix} MPa$$
(16a)

 $S_b = {233 \choose 2.55.1} MPa$ $S_f = 137.9 MPa$ Y-7 Bolt and Flange stress allowables:

(a)
$$\overline{\left(\sigma_b \leq S_b\right)} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(b)
$$(S_H \le 1.5S_f) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
 S_n not applicable

(2)not applicable

(c)
$$(S_{R_BC} \le S_f) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(S_{R_ID} \le S_f) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(d)
$$(S_T \le S_f) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(e)
$$\frac{\overrightarrow{S_{H} + S_{R_BC}}}{2} \le S_{f} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$
$$\frac{\overrightarrow{S_{H} + S_{R_ID}}}{2} \le S_{f} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

(f) not applicable

Bolt force

olt force
$$F_{bolt} := \sigma_b \cdot .785 \cdot d_b^2 \qquad F_{bolt} = \begin{pmatrix} 5.887 \times 10^4 \\ 6.087 \times 10^4 \end{pmatrix} N$$

Bolt torque required, minimum:

$$T_{bolt_min} := 0.2F_{bolt} \cdot d_b \qquad T_{bolt_min} = \begin{pmatrix} 211.9 \\ 219.1 \end{pmatrix} N_{-1} T_{bolt_min} = \begin{pmatrix} 156.3 \\ 161.6 \end{pmatrix} lbf \cdot ft \qquad \text{for pressure test use 1.5x}$$

This is the minimum amount of bolt preload needed to assure joint does not open under pressure. An additional amount of bolt preload is needed to maintain a minimum frictional shear resistance to assure head does not slide downward from weight; we do not want to depend on lip to carry this. Non-mandatory Appendix S of div. 1 makes permissible higher bolt stresses than indicated above when needed to assure full gasket sealing and other conditions. This is consistent with proper preloaded joint practice, for properly designed joints where connection stiffness is much greater than bolt stiffness, and we are a long way from the yield stress of the bolts

$$\begin{split} M_{head} &\coloneqq 2500 \text{kg} & \mu_{SS_SS} \coloneqq .7 & \text{typ. coefficient of friction, stainless steel (both) clean and dry} \\ V_{head} &\coloneqq M_{head} \cdot \text{g} & V_{head} &= 2.452 \times 10^4 \, \text{N} \\ F_n &\coloneqq \frac{V_{head}}{\mu_{SS_SS}} & F_n &= 3.502 \times 10^4 \, \text{N} & \text{this is total required force, force required per bolt is:} \\ F_{n_bolt} &\coloneqq \frac{F_n}{n} & F_{n_bolt} &= 287.08 \, \text{N} & \text{this is insignificant compared to that required for pressure.} \end{split}$$

Let bolt torque for normal operation be then 25% greater than minimum: